

Human Resources for degree-granting institutions and related administrative offices that have less than 15 full-time staff

Overview

Human Resources Overview

Welcome to the IPEDS Human Resources (HR) survey component. This survey collects important information about your institution's staff.

Recent changes

There are no changes in reporting for 2013-14. However, clarifications have been made to screens and instructions, to address respondent questions. Also, check out the new FAQs.

Several Occupational Categories have been renamed, to better describe who should be reported in them:

- **New:** Community, Social Service, Legal, Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations (21-0000 + 23-0000 + 27-0000)
- **Old:** Community Service, Legal, Arts, and Media Occupations
- **New:** Student and Academic Affairs and Other Education Services Occupations (25-2000 + 25-3000 + 25-9000)
- **Old:** Other Teaching and Instructional Support Occupations

One contract type category has been expanded:

- **New:** Multi-year or continuing or at-will contract
- **Old:** Multi-year contract

See the instructions for the **NEW Key Reporting Concepts** section -- basic reporting concepts that will assist you in completing the Human Resources component.

Resources:

- To download the survey materials for this component: [Survey Materials](#)
- The IPEDS HR/SOC Information Center can be found at the following website: <http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/resource/soc.asp>. (The resource center includes the IPEDS/SOC crosswalk, SOC information, the IPEDS HR/SOC Browse Tool, and web tutorials.

Data reporting reminders:

- Enter data on each displayed screen. If a screen is not applicable, enter at least one zero in a field on the screen.
- Report staff members difficult to categorize in the "Human Resources Survey Evaluation" box at the end of the survey.

To access your prior year data submission for this component: [Reported Data](#)

If you have questions about completing this survey, please contact the **IPEDS Help Desk at 1-877-225-2568**.

Human Resources Screening Questions

Does your institution have any part-time staff?

If you answer **Yes** to this question, you will be provided the screens to report part-time staff.

<input type="radio"/>	Yes	<input type="radio"/>	No
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Does your institution have 15 or more full-time staff?

<input type="radio"/>	Yes	<input type="radio"/>	No
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? Do ALL of the instructional staff at your institution fall into any of the following categories?

If you answer **Yes** to any of the questions below, you will **NOT** be required to report **Part G - Salaries** for instructional staff. However, Part G will still be required for reporting data for full-time non-instructional staff.

<input type="radio"/>	No	<input type="radio"/>	Yes	Are ALL of the instructional staff military personnel?
<input type="radio"/>	No	<input type="radio"/>	Yes	Do ALL of the instructional staff contribute their services (e.g., members of a religious order)?
<input type="radio"/>	No	<input type="radio"/>	Yes	Do ALL of the instructional staff teach pre-clinical or clinical medicine?

You may use the space below to provide context for the data you've reported above.

Human Resources Screening Questions

Does your institution have graduate assistants?

*If you answer **Yes** to this question, you will be provided the screens to report graduate assistants.*

<input type="radio"/>	Yes	<input type="radio"/>	No
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Part A - Full-time staff

Number of Full-time Staff

As of November 1, 2013

•Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino

•Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only

Gender and race/ethnicity	Instructional Staff	Research staff	Public Service staff	Librarians, Curators, and Archivists 25-4000	? Student and Academic Affairs and Other Education Services Occupations 25-2000 + 25-3000 + 25-9000
Men					
Nonresident alien					
Hispanic/Latino					
American Indian or Alaska Native					
Asian					
Black or African American					
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander					
White					
Two or more races					
Race and ethnicity unknown					
Total men					
Women					
Nonresident alien					
Hispanic/Latino					
American Indian or Alaska Native					
Asian					
Black or African American					
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander					
White					
Two or more races					
Race and ethnicity unknown					
Total women					
Total (men+women)					
Total from prior year					

Part A - Full-time staff

Number of Full-time Staff

As of November 1, 2013

•Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino

•Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only

Gender and race/ethnicity	Management Occupations 11-0000	Business and Financial Operations Occupations 13-0000	Computer, Engineering, and Science Occupations 15-0000 + 17-0000 + 19- 0000	Community, Social Service, Legal, Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations 21-0000 + 23-0000 + 27- 0000	Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations 29-0000
Men					
Nonresident alien					
Hispanic/Latino					
American Indian or Alaska Native					
Asian					
Black or African American					
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander					
White					
Two or more races					
Race and ethnicity unknown					
Total men					
Women					
Nonresident alien					
Hispanic/Latino					
American Indian or Alaska Native					
Asian					
Black or African American					
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander					
White					
Two or more races					
Race and ethnicity unknown					
Total women					
Total (men+women)					
Total from prior year					

Part A - Full-time staff

Number of Full-time Staff

As of November 1, 2013

•Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino

•Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only

Gender and race/ethnicity	Service Occupations 31-0000 + 33-0000 + 35-0000 + 37-0000 + 39-0000	Sales and Related Occupations 41-0000	Office and Administrative Support Occupations 43-0000	Natural Resources, Construction, and Maintenance Occupations 45-0000 + 47-0000 + 49- 0000	Production, Transportation, and Material Moving Occupations 51-0000 + 53- 0000	Grand Total (All full- time staff)
Men						
Nonresident alien						
Hispanic/Latino						
American Indian or Alaska Native						
Asian						
Black or African American						
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander						
White						
Two or more races						
Race and ethnicity unknown						
Total men						
Women						
Nonresident alien						
Hispanic/Latino						
American Indian or Alaska Native						
Asian						
Black or African American						
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander						
White						
Two or more races						
Race and ethnicity unknown						
Total women						
Total (men+women)						
Total from prior year						

Part G - Salary Worksheet

Number of Full-time Non-medical Instructional Staff For Calculation of Total Number of Months Annual Salary, 2013-14


- Report number of instructional staff by the number of months to be worked.
- Months reported should correspond with the number of months worked (which may differ from the number of months they are paid).
- Include ONLY full-time, non-medical instructional staff.
- Include instructional staff *with* faculty status and *without* faculty status.
- Include instructional staff regardless of tenure status.
- Balance column should include instructional staff whose annual salary covers less than 9 months.

Gender and academic rank	Months worked				Total Staff for Salary reporting	Total Number of Months	Total full-time, non-medical, instructional staff from Part A	Balance
	12 months	11 months	10 months	9 months				
Men								
Professors								
Associate professors								
Assistant professors								
Instructors								
Lecturers								
No academic rank								
Total men								
Women								
Professors								
Associate professors								
Assistant professors								
Instructors								
Lecturers								
No academic rank								
Total women								
Total (men + women)								

Part G - Salary outlays for instructional staff

Salary Outlays for Full-time Non-medical Instructional Staff Annual Salary Outlays, 2013-14				
•Report ANNUAL salary outlays for the full-time, non-medical, instructional staff reported in the 12 months, 11 months, 10 months, and 9 months columns on the previous screen.				
Gender and academic rank	Total Staff for Salary reporting (from Part G, screen 1)	Total Number of Months (from Part G, screen 1)	? Salary Outlays	? Weighted Average Monthly Salaries
Men				
Professors			<input type="text"/>	
Associate professors			<input type="text"/>	
Assistant professors			<input type="text"/>	
Instructors			<input type="text"/>	
Lecturers			<input type="text"/>	
No academic rank			<input type="text"/>	
Total men				
Women				
Professors			<input type="text"/>	
Associate professors			<input type="text"/>	
Assistant professors			<input type="text"/>	
Instructors			<input type="text"/>	
Lecturers			<input type="text"/>	
No academic rank			<input type="text"/>	
Total women				
Total (men + women)				

Part G - Salary outlays for non-instructional staff

Salary Outlays For Full-time Non-medical Non-instructional Staff Annual Salary Outlays, 2013-14		
Occupational category	 Number of full-time staff (carried forward from previous screens)	 Total salary outlays
<u>Research staff</u>		<input type="text"/>
<u>Public Service staff</u>		<input type="text"/>
<u>Library and Student and Academic Affairs and Other Education Services Occupations</u> 25-4000 + 25-2000 + 25-3000 + 25-9000		<input type="text"/>
<u>Management Occupations</u> 11-0000		<input type="text"/>
<u>Business and Financial Operations Occupations</u> 13-0000		<input type="text"/>
<u>Computer, Engineering, and Science Occupations</u> 15-0000 + 17-0000 + 19-0000		<input type="text"/>
<u>Community, Social Service, Legal, Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations</u> 21-0000 + 23-0000 + 27-0000		<input type="text"/>
<u>Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations</u> 29-0000		<input type="text"/>
<u>Service Occupations</u> 31-0000 + 33-0000 + 35-0000 + 37-0000 + 39-0000		<input type="text"/>
<u>Sales and Related Occupations</u> 41-0000		<input type="text"/>
<u>Office and Administrative Support Occupations</u> 43-0000		<input type="text"/>
<u>Natural Resources, Construction, and Maintenance Occupations</u> 45-0000 + 47-0000 + 49-0000		<input type="text"/>
<u>Production, Transportation, and Material Moving Occupations</u> 51-0000 + 53-0000		<input type="text"/>

Part B - Part-time staff

Number of Part-time Staff

As of November 1, 2013

•Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino

•Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only

•Include both non-medical and medical staff

Gender and race/ethnicity	Primarily Instruction and Instruction/Research/Public Service staff	Research staff	Public Service staff	Librarians, Curators, and Archivists 25-4000	Student and Academic Affairs and Other Education Services Occupations 25-2000 + 25-3000 + 25- 9000
Men					
Nonresident alien					
Hispanic/Latino					
American Indian or Alaska Native					
Asian					
Black or African American					
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander					
White					
Two or more races					
Race and ethnicity unknown					
Total men					
Women					
Nonresident alien					
Hispanic/Latino					
American Indian or Alaska Native					
Asian					
Black or African American					
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander					
White					
Two or more races					
Race and ethnicity unknown					
Total women					
Total (men+women)					
Total from prior year					

Part B - Part-time staff

Number of Part-time Staff
As of November 1, 2013

- Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino
- Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only
- Include both non-medical and medical staff

Gender and race/ethnicity	Management Occupations 11-0000	Business and Financial Operations Occupations 13-0000	Computer, Engineering, and Science Occupations 15-0000 + 17-0000 + 19-0000	Community, Social Service, Legal, Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations 21-0000 + 23-0000 + 27-0000	Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations 29-0000
Men					
Nonresident alien					
Hispanic/Latino					
American Indian or Alaska Native					
Asian					
Black or African American					
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander					
White					
Two or more races					
Race and ethnicity unknown					
Total men					
Women					
Nonresident alien					
Hispanic/Latino					
American Indian or Alaska Native					
Asian					
Black or African American					
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander					
White					
Two or more races					
Race and ethnicity unknown					
Total women					
Total (men+women)					
Total from prior year					

Part B - Part-time staff

Number of Part-time Staff

As of November 1, 2013

•Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino

•Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only

•Include both non-medical and medical staff

Gender and race/ethnicity	Service Occupations 31-0000 + 33-0000 + 35-0000 + 37-0000 + 39-0000	Sales and Related Occupations 41-0000	Office and Administrative Support Occupations 43-0000	Natural Resources, Construction, and Maintenance Occupations 45-0000 + 47-0000 + 49- 0000	Production, Transportation, and Material Moving Occupations 51-0000 + 53- 0000	Grand Total (All part- time staff)
Men						
Nonresident alien						
Hispanic/Latino						
American Indian or Alaska Native						
Asian						
Black or African American						
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander						
White						
Two or more races						
Race and ethnicity unknown						
Total men						
Women						
Nonresident alien						
Hispanic/Latino						
American Indian or Alaska Native						
Asian						
Black or African American						
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander						
White						
Two or more races						
Race and ethnicity unknown						
Total women						
Total (men+women)						
Total from prior year						

Total from prior
year

Part C - Total number of staff

Total Number of Staff						
As of November 1, 2013						
	Full-time men	Full-time women	Part-time men	Part-time women	Total men	Total women
<u>Nonresident alien</u>						
<u>Hispanic/Latino</u>						
<u>American Indian or Alaska Native</u>						
<u>Asian</u>						
<u>Black or African American</u>						
<u>Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander</u>						
<u>White</u>						
<u>Two or more races</u>						
<u>Race and ethnicity unknown</u>						
Grand total						

Human Resources Survey Evaluation

Were any staff members difficult to categorize? If so, please explain in the box below.

**2013-14 HR: Degree-granting Institutions that have less than 15 full-time staff****Purpose of Component - Data Collected****Changes in Reporting****General Instructions**

- **Context Boxes**
- **Reporting Period Covered**

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- **How do I report Instructional Staff?**
- **How do I report Research Staff?**
- **How do I report Public Service Staff?**
- **How do I report Postdoctoral Staff?**
- **How do I report Adjunct Instructional Staff?**
- **How do I report Graduate Assistants?**
- **How do I report Managers and Supervisors?**
- **Who should be reported in the "Student and Academic Services and Other Education Occupations" Category?**
- **How do I report Salaries?**
- **What is CUPA-HR and how will it help me categorize my staff?**
- **Note regarding the use of the "Postsecondary Teachers" Terminology**

Detailed Instructions

- **Summary of Parts**
- **Screening Questions**
- **Reporting Medical School Staff**
- **Reporting Salary Outlays**
- **Reporting Staff by Occupational Category**

- [Descriptions of Occupational Categories](#)
- [Reporting Graduate Assistants by Occupational Category](#)
- [Reporting Individuals by Racial/Ethnic Category and Gender](#)
- [Structure of the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification \(SOC\) System](#)
- [Comparison of the IPEDS HR Occupational Categories to the 2010 SOC Occupational Categories](#)
- [Crosswalk Between IPEDS HR Occupational Categories and the 2010 SOC Occupational Categories](#)
- [Resources for Classifying Employees Using the 2010 SOC Codes](#)
- [2010 SOC Classification Principles](#)
- [Additional Information from the 2010 SOC Coding Guidelines](#)

Purpose of Component - Data Collected

The primary purpose of the Human Resources (HR) component that is applicable to degree-granting institutions and related administrative offices that have less than 15 full-time staff is to collect the number of staff by employment status (full time and part time) and occupational category. In addition, salary data for full-time, non-medical school, instructional staff are collected. Some data are collected by medical/non-medical school status for 4-year and above degree-granting institutions with M.D. and/or D.O. programs. In odd-numbered IPEDS collection years (e.g., 2013-14), the purpose was also to collect data by race/ethnicity and gender. The reporting of data by race/ethnicity and gender is optional in even-numbered years (e.g., 2012-13).

For state and corporate systems: If a separate, administrative office entity has been established for the system in IPEDS, that entity will report all staff associated with the administrative office. If no separate administrative office entity has been created, administrative office staff will be reported by the main campus of the system. If there are any questions concerning whether a separate reporting entity exists, please contact your system's coordinator or keyholder, or contact the IPEDS help desk at 1-877-225-2568 or ipedshelp@rti.org.

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Changes in Reporting

There are no changes in reporting for 2013-14. However, clarifications have been made to screens and instructions, to address respondent questions.

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General Instructions

NOTE: You must enter data on each displayed screen. If a displayed screen is not applicable to your institution, you must enter at least one zero in a field on that screen.

For screens that are applicable to your institution, if data are entered in any cell, it is not necessary to enter zeros in inapplicable cells/rows/columns. If a screen has data in any cell, the cells that are left blank will be treated as zeros.

Context Boxes

Context boxes are provided on several screens to give institutions the opportunity to provide more information about survey items.

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Reporting Period Covered

Parts A -C. The period of reporting is intended to provide a snapshot of your human resources/payroll data at one point in the fall. Persons on the payroll of the institution as of November 1, 2013 should be reported in the HR component.

Part G. Report 2013-14 annual salary outlays for full-time staff on the institution's payroll as of November 1, 2013.

NOTE: Parts D-F do not exist for degree-granting institutions that have less than 15 full-time staff members.

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Coverage

Who to Include in this Report

- Persons on the payroll of the institution as of November 1, 2013.
- Staff who are on sabbatical leave and staff who are on leave, but remain on the payroll.
- Staff who are hired to temporarily replace staff who are on sabbatical leave or on leave with or without pay.
- "Visiting" instructional, research, and public service staff who are paid by your institution.
- Adjunct instructional staff (see definition in Glossary below). Report adjuncts as either full-time or part-time instructional staff.
- Staff in Workforce Development training programs and Adult Basic Education (ABE) programs.

- Staff at off-campus centers associated with the campus covered by this report. (Do not include staff who work at branch campuses located in a foreign country.)
- Corporate administrators for single-campus institutions or for multi-campus organizations (administrative units).

Who *NOT* to Include in this Report

- Staff on leave without pay.
- Staff in the military or religious orders who are not paid by your institution.
- Staff whose services are contracted by or donated to the institution.
- Casual staff (hired on an ad-hoc or occasional basis to meet short-term needs).
- Undergraduate students
- Students in the College Work-Study Program.
- Graduate students who are receiving waivers and stipends that are not in exchange for services rendered (e.g., fellowships or training grant support)
- Staff who work in hospitals associated with medical schools, but are not employed by the medical school.

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Where to Get Help

IPEDS Data Collection Help Desk

Phone: 1-877-225-2568

Email: ipedshelp@rti.org

AIR Website

You can also consult the AIR website that contains several tutorials on IPEDS data collection, a self-paced overview of IPEDS tools and other valuable resources.

The AIR tutorial for the HR survey component can be viewed at

<http://www.airweb.org/EducationAndEvents/IPEDSTraining/Tutorials/Pages/HumanResources.aspx>.

IPEDS Resources Page

The IPEDS Resources Page (located on the IPEDS homepage) contains frequently asked questions, a link to the IPEDS Glossary, data tip sheets, an archive of survey instruments, information on the race/ethnicity categories and other information.

In 2012-13, new occupational categories replaced the primary function/occupational activity categories previously used in the IPEDS HR component. The change was required to align the IPEDS HR categories with the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) System.

Information on the IPEDS HR component and the SOC system can be found at the IPEDS Human Resources/SOC Information Center at <http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/resource/soc.asp>.

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Where the Data Will Appear

Data collected through IPEDS will be accessible at the institution- and aggregate-levels.

At the institution-level, data will appear in the:

- [College Navigator Website](#)
- [IPEDS Data Center](#)
- [IPEDS Data Feedback Reports](#)

At the aggregate-level, data will appear in:

- [IPEDS First Looks](#)
- [IPEDS Table Library](#)
- [IPEDS Data Feedback Reports](#)
- [The Digest of Education Statistics](#)
- [The Condition of Education](#)

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Uploading Files to IPEDS Data Collection System

The File Upload option is found under the Tools menu. You'll need to have a file formatted to specifications in order to perform the upload. Upload specifications are part of the survey materials in the Data Provider Center (tab is found on the IPEDS homepage). There are 3 upload formats:

- Fixed width file
- Key value file
- XML

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Key Reporting Concepts

The following are basic reporting concepts that will assist you in completing the Human Resources component. Please read all instructions thoroughly prior to entering data. Additional information can be found in the [Detailed Instructions](#).

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How do I report Instructional Staff?

"[Instructional Staff](#)" as defined by IPEDS, is comprised of staff who are either: 1) Primarily Instruction (PI), or 2) "Instruction combined with Research and/or Public Service (IRPS)." The intent of the "Instructional Staff" category is to include all individuals whose primary occupation includes instruction at the institution. "Primarily Instruction" are those individuals whose primary responsibility can be defined as teaching (e.g. the majority of their total time). "Instruction combined with Research and/or Public Service (IRPS)" are those individuals who have instruction as part of their job, but it cannot readily be differentiated from the research or public service functions of their jobs (e.g. they teach, but a percentage of time spent teaching is not discernible since their teaching responsibilities are not clearly differentiated from their other responsibilities). Instructional staff could include postdoctoral students, if they meet the criteria for one of the two categories. [Adjunct Instructional Staff](#) would also typically meet the criteria.

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How do I report Research staff?

A staff member should be classified as "[Research Staff](#)" if the majority of their work is focused on conducting research, regardless of their title, [academic rank](#), or [tenure status](#).

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How do I report Public service staff?

A staff member should be classified as "[Public Service Staff](#)" if the majority of their work is focused on carrying out public service activities. These would be staff members who work in agricultural extension services, clinical services, or continuing education, regardless of their title, [academic rank](#), or [tenure status](#). *If the staff member is located off campus, such as in an extension office, they should still be classified here as long as the majority of their work is focused on carrying out public service activities.*

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How do I report Postdoctoral staff?

Postdoctoral staff members should be classified based on where the majority of their work is performed. For example, if the postdoc spends the majority of their time conducting research they should be classified as "[Research Staff](#)." In addition, postdoctoral staff members typically do not have [faculty status](#) and they should be reported as "Without faculty status."

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How do I report Adjunct Instructional staff?

[Adjunct Instructional Staff](#) serve in either a temporary or auxiliary capacity to teach academic degree-credit courses, as well as remedial, developmental, or ESL courses and are paid on a course-by-course basis. They should be reported as either part-time or full-time based on their designation on the institution's payroll and as non-tenured [instructional staff](#).

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How do I report Graduate Assistants?

Graduate Assistants are considered [part-time employees](#) and should be classified in the Occupational Category in which the majority of their work is performed. IPEDS only collects information for graduate assistants working in a subset of the Occupational Categories. Those primarily performing duties in other categories should be excluded. Additional information on reporting Graduate Assistants can be found in [Reporting Graduate Assistants by Occupational Category](#).

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How do I report Managers and Supervisors?

The "[Management Occupations](#)" category is a direct match to the "11-0000 Management Occupations" SOC category. This category should include those staff whose job it is to plan, direct, or coordinate policies, programs, and may include some supervision of other workers. In addition, Postsecondary Deans should be classified in this category as well even though they perform similar activities to the workers that they supervise.

All other supervisors should be categorized within the same category as the workers that they supervise. However, there is an exception for those that supervise workers in the Healthcare Support Occupations. For additional information please refer to the [2010 SOC Classification Principles](#).

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Who should be reported in the "Student and Academic Services and Other Education Occupations" category?

This category includes professionals who work in the areas of student activities, student admissions, student affairs, student career services, student enrollment, student financial aid, student registration and records, campus recreation services, and similar functions. Typically, the person who directs or heads the office would not be included in this category. For additional information on whom should be included in this category as well whom should be included in other categories please see the [IPEDS/SOC Crosswalk](#).

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How do I report Salaries?

Historically, IPEDS has collected average annual salaries. Because there is variation in what an "annual" salary entails, IPEDS now calculates weighted average monthly salaries. The salaries worksheet is used to determine average **monthly** salaries by collecting the number of [instructional staff](#) and the number of months worked, along with the total salary outlays for all of those individuals. As has been the case historically, the Salaries section does NOT include data for instructional staff who work for less than 9 months of the year, even though they may be considered [full-time employees](#).

Full-time instructional staff should be reported based on the number of months during which they work during the year, NOT the number of months during which they are paid. Once the number of 12-, 11-, 10-, and 9-month instructional staff are reported, any remaining instructional staff will be calculated in the "balance" column (these are the instructional staff who are full-time but whose contracts/employment agreements are for less-than-9 months during the year. Additional information on Salaries can be found in [Reporting Salary Outlays](#).

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What is CUPA-HR and how will it help me categorize my staff?

CUPA-HR, or the College and University Professional Association for Human Resources, developed worksheets to assist institutions in classifying their staff members, and graciously offered them for use in IPEDS reporting, regardless of whether institutions are CUPA-HR members or not. These worksheets contain many positions in postsecondary education (which aren't specifically mentioned in the SOC itself) such as: registrar, bursar, alumni, outreach specialist, etc. These worksheets, along with Position Descriptions, can be found at: <http://www.cupahr.org/surveys/worksheets.aspx>.

Additional resources can be found in [Resources for Classifying Employees Using the 2010 SOC Codes](#).

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Note regarding the use of the "Postsecondary Teachers" Terminology:

Postsecondary Teachers is an occupational category in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual with the SOC code 25-1000. This category is not an IPEDS reporting category because staff generally regarded by institutions as "faculty" are not only [instructional staff](#), but can be [research staff](#) and [public service staff](#) as well. Postsecondary Teachers is not a good description of these occupational categories on postsecondary campuses, and introduces confusion into the reporting done by institutions.

However, because of the requirement to align with the SOC, all three categories (instructional staff, research staff, and public service staff) are included individually under the Postsecondary Teachers category in the IPEDS Data Center, with explanations.

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Detailed Instructions

NOTE: You must enter data on each displayed screen. If a displayed screen is not applicable to your institution, you must enter at least one zero in a field on that screen.

For screens that are applicable to your institution, if data are entered in any cell, it is not necessary to enter zeros in inapplicable cells/rows/columns. If a screen has data in any cell, cells that are left blank will be treated as zeros.

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Summary of Parts

(NOTE: Data are also collected by medical school status for 4-year and above degree-granting institutions only.)

Listed below is a summary of each part in this HR component.

- **Part A - Full-time staff:** Collects the number of full-time staff by occupational category.
- **Part B - Part-time staff:** Collects the number of part-time staff by occupational category.
- **Part C - Total number of staff:** Automatically sums the data reported in Part A and Part B.

NOTE: **Parts D through F** do not exist for degree-granting institutions that have less than 15 full-time staff members.

- **Part G - Salary Worksheet for full-time, non-medical, instructional staff and Salary Outlays for full-time, non-medical, instructional staff** - Collects the number of full-time, non-medical, instructional staff by: 9-month contract, 10-month contract, 11-month contract, and 12-month contract. Also, collects **salary outlays for full-time, non-medical, instructional staff**.
- **Part G - Salary Outlays for full-time, non-medical, non-instructional staff** - Collects salary outlays for full-time, non-medical, non-instructional staff by occupational category.

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Screening Questions

Please read and answer the screening questions in the data collection system very carefully (**these questions must be answered before providing data**). Responses to the screening questions will determine which items must be completed.

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Reporting Medical School Staff

4-year and above degree-granting institutions with M.D. and/or D.O. programs report data for medical school staff. The data are reported in three ways:

- **Combined:** On some screens, data are reported for medical school and non-medical school staff combined (Parts A1, B1, D, and H).
- **Separately:** On some screens, data are reported separately for non-medical school staff and for medical school staff (A2, B2, E)
- **Excluded:** Data are reported for non-medical school staff only in Part G – Salaries

Staff employed by or staff working in the medical school (M.D. and/or D.O.) component of a postsecondary institution or in a freestanding medical school should be reported as medical school staff.

Does not include employees working strictly in a hospital associated with a medical school, those who volunteer their services at the medical school, or those who work in health or allied health schools or departments such as dentistry, veterinary medicine, nursing, or dental hygiene – **unless** the health or allied health schools or departments are affiliated with (housed in or under the authority of) the medical school (you should list the other health-related disciplines in the comment box on the medical school pages in the data collection system).

NOTE: Staff that are in health disciplines that are NOT considered part of a medical school must be reported on the non-medical school pages.

Free-Standing Hospitals and Medical Centers

Hospitals, medical centers, and other entities that offer postsecondary education programs as part of their mission should report only those staff who work full time or part time in the **postsecondary education division or component of the institution**. If a staff member works full time for the institution, but only part time in the postsecondary education division or component, for purposes of this survey, that person should be reported as part time in his or her occupational category in the postsecondary education division or component.

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Reporting Salary Outlays

Salary outlays are collected for:

- full-time, non-medical school, instructional staff, and
- full-time, non-medical school, non-instructional staff.

Report annual salary outlays for 2013-14

Include all full-time, non-medical school, instructional staff – with and without faculty status.

The salary outlays should include base salaries only – no supplements, overloads or bonuses. **Additional** stipends for administrative, managerial or other responsibilities should NOT be included in the salary outlays data for instructional staff.

Staff on Leave. When reporting staff on sabbatical leave and staff who are on leave, but remain on the payroll of the institution, report such persons at their regular salaries even though the staff may be receiving a reduced annuity while on leave.

Full-Time Instructional Staff, Non-Medical School Staff. A worksheet collects the number of full-time, non-medical school, instructional staff by gender and academic rank. Counts are reported by the number of months covered by the annual salary paid to the employee: 12 months, 11 months, 10 months, 9 months. If a full-time employee who was reported in Part A is paid a salary for fewer than 9 months, do not include that employee in the worksheet counts, and do not include the salary outlay for that employee. These employees will appear in the Balance column on the worksheet, so you can double-check your entries.

Salary outlays of full-time, non-medical school, instructional staff are collected by gender and academic rank.

For each gender and academic rank category, the system calculates:

1. the total number of staff reported (i.e., the sum of the values entered for each appointment length);
2. the total number of months covered (i.e., the sum of the staff reported for each appointment length multiplied by the number of months in the contract); and
3. a weighted monthly average salary.

Full-Time, Non-Medical School Staff – Non-Instructional Staff. Salary outlays are also collected for full-time, non-medical, non-instructional staff by occupational category on a separate screen. (The number of full-time, non-medical, non-instructional staff is carried forward from Part A.) These totals are not disaggregated by race/ethnicity and gender.

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Reporting Staff by Occupational Category

The occupational categories in the IPEDS HR component were changed in 2012-13 to align with the occupational categories in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) System.

Descriptions of Occupational Categories

SOC category 25-1000, Postsecondary Teachers, includes the following IPEDS occupational categories:

- **Instructional Staff**

In the HR Survey, Instructional Staff is defined as the combined category of Instruction-Only AND Instruction Combined with Research and/or Public Service.

- **Primarily Instruction**

Persons whose specific assignments customarily are made for the purpose of providing instruction or teaching. Regardless of title, faculty status, academic rank, or tenure status, these employees formally spend the majority of their time providing instruction or teaching.

- **Instruction combined with research and/or public service**

Persons for whom it is not possible to differentiate between instruction or teaching, research, and public service because each of these functions is an integral component of his/her regular assignment. Regardless of title, faculty status, academic rank, or tenure status, these employees formally spend the majority of their time providing instruction, research, and/or public service.

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Reporting Graduate Assistants by Occupational Category

For IPEDS purposes, graduate assistants are considered part-time employees and should be reported on the graduate assistant screen located in the part-time section of the survey.

Listed below are the graduate assistant categories that are included in the HR survey:

- **Graduate Assistant - Teaching** [SOC Detailed Occupation 25-1191
<http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc251191.htm>]

Assist faculty or other instructional staff in postsecondary institutions by performing teaching or teaching related duties, such as teaching lower level courses, developing teaching materials, preparing and giving examinations, and grading examinations or papers. Graduate teaching assistants must be enrolled in a graduate school program. Excludes "Teacher Assistant" (25-9041).

Graduate Assistants in Non-Instructional Occupational Categories

Graduate assistants who primarily perform non-teaching duties, such as health care, should be reported in the occupational category related to the work performed. For example, a graduate assistant updating websites in the computer department should be considered a graduate assistant in the IPEDS HR category called "Computer, Engineering, and Science Occupations."

- **Graduate Assistant - Research** Persons whose specific assignments customarily are made for the purpose of conducting research.
- **Graduate Assistant - Management**
- **Graduate Assistant - Business and Financial Operations**
- **Graduate Assistant - Computer, Engineering, and Science**
- **Graduate Assistant - Community, Social Service, Legal, Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and and Media**
- **Graduate Assistant - Library and Student and Academic Affairs and Other Education Services** [NOTE: This category was previously called "Library and Instructional Support."]
- **Graduate Assistant - Healthcare Practitioners and Technical**

(NOTE: Public Service is not included in the above categories as recommended by the IPEDS HR Technical Review Panel members.)

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Reporting Persons by Racial/Ethnic Category (1997 OMB)

This information is being collected in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and Sec. 421(a)(1) of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act. These instructions correspond with the Final Guidance on Maintaining, Collecting, and Reporting Racial and Ethnic Data to the U.S. Department of Education, published in the Federal Register on October 19, 2007.

Method of collection - Institutions must collect race and ethnicity information using a 2-question format. The first question is whether the respondent is Hispanic/Latino. The second question is whether the respondent is from one or more races from the following list: American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Black or African American, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and White. Institutions should allow students and staff to self-identify their race and ethnicity. For further details on the guidance for collecting data, please see the full Federal Register notice.

Method of reporting aggregate data - Institutions must report aggregate data to the U.S. Department of Education using the NINE categories below. Racial/ethnic designations are requested only for United States citizens, resident aliens, and other eligible non-citizens.

- Hispanic or Latino, regardless of race

For Non-Hispanic/Latino individuals:

- American Indian or Alaska Native
- Asian
- Black or African American
- Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
- White
- Two or more races

In addition, the following categories may be used:

- Nonresident alien
- Race and ethnicity unknown

Racial/ethnic descriptions - Racial/ethnic designations as used in this survey do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. The categories are:

- Hispanic or Latino- A person of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.
- American Indian or Alaska Native- A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community attachment.
- Asian- A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian Subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.
- Black or African American- A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.
- Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander- A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.
- White - A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

Other descriptive categories

- **Nonresident alien** - A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely. NOTE - Nonresident aliens are to be reported separately, in the boxes provided, rather than included in any of the seven racial/ethnic categories. Resident aliens and other eligible (for financial aid purposes) non-citizens who are not citizens or nationals of the United States and who have been admitted as legal immigrants for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who hold either an alien registration card (Form I-551 or I-151), a Temporary Resident Card (Form I-688), or an Arrival-Departure Record (Form I-94) with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian) are to be reported in the appropriate racial/ethnic categories along with United States citizens.
- **Race and ethnicity unknown** - This category is used only if the person did not select EITHER a racial or ethnic designation.

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The occupations in the SOC are classified at four levels of aggregation: 23 major groups, 97 minor groups, 461 broad occupations, and 840 detailed occupations. Each lower level of detail identifies a more specific group of occupations. (For more information see table at http://www.bls.gov/soc/soc_structure_2010.pdf.)

Each item in the SOC is designated by a six-digit code:

- Major group codes end with 0000 (e.g., 25-0000 Education, Training, and Library Occupations)
- Minor group codes generally end with 000 (e.g., 25-1000 Postsecondary Teachers)
- Broad occupations end with 0 (e.g., 25-4020 Librarians).
- Detailed occupations end with a number other than 0 (e.g., 25-1191 Graduate Teaching Assistant).

IPEDS does not require institutions to manually code and report all occupations at the detailed SOC level.

(However, although coding at the 6-digit level is not required, it can make categorization more precise and would also provide supporting documentation if there were questions about why a given job was classified in a specific IPEDS category.)

Most of the occupational data in IPEDS will be collected at the higher, major 2-digit level, e.g., 11-0000 management. However, there are a few instances where data will be collected at a lower level such as Postsecondary Teachers, Librarians, Curators, Archivists and Library Technicians, and Graduate Assistants-Teaching. For IPEDS purposes, institutions should report their employees in the categories defined in the IPEDS HR survey.

The IPEDS HR categories and the associated SOC codes are provided below and at http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/resource/download/IPEDS_HR_2012-13_and_2010_SOC_Crosswalk.pdf.

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Comparison of the 2013-14 IPEDS HR Occupational Categories to the 2010 SOC Occupational Categories

(see crosswalk below for complete information)

The IPEDS HR occupational categories and the 2010 SOC occupational categories are similar for several of the categories that directly match, e.g., Management.

They differ in three major ways:

- There are 13 broad IPEDS HR categories and 23 major SOC categories.
 - Several of the IPEDS HR categories represent combinations of separate SOC categories, e.g., the HR category Service Occupations includes five SOC categories.
 - The major SOC category Education, Training, and Library Occupations (25-0000) is reported in the IPEDS HR survey at a more detailed level: Postsecondary Teachers; Librarians, Curators, and Archivists; Other Teaching and Instructional Support staff; and Graduate Assistants-Teaching.
- The category Graduate Assistants-Research does not have a single associated SOC code.

- The SOC Military Specific Occupations (55-0000) category is not included in the IPEDS reporting because IPEDS HR collects data on civilian staff only.

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**Crosswalk for Degree-Granting Institutions 2013-14 IPEDS Human Resources Survey
Occupational Categories to the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification System (SOC) System
Occupational Categories 2013-14 IPEDS HR Occupational Categories**

**2013-14 IPEDS HR Occupational Categories
Education, Training, and Library Occupations**

**2010 SOC Occupational Categories
25-0000 Education, Training, and
Library Occupations**

Educational Occupations

- Instructional Staff
 - Primarily Instruction
 - Instruction Combined with Research and/or Public Service
- Research staff
- Public Service staff

[25-1000 Postsecondary Teachers](#)

Library and Instructional Support Occupations

- Librarians, Curators, and Archivists
 - Archivists, Curators, and Museum Technician
 - Librarians
 - Library Technicians
- Student and Academic Services and Other Education Occupations

[25-4000 Librarians, Curators, and Archivists](#)

[25-4010 Archivists, Curators, and Museum Technicians](#)

[25-4020 Librarians](#)

[25-4030 Library Technicians](#)

[25-2000 Preschool, Primary, Secondary, and Special Education School Teachers](#)

[25-3000 Other Teachers and Instructors](#)

[25-9000 Other Education, Training, and Library Occupations](#)

Other Occupations

Management Occupations

Business and Financial Operations Occupations

Computer, Engineering, and Science Occupations

[11-0000 Management Occupations](#)

[13-0000 Business and Financial Operations Occupations](#)

[15-0000 Computer and Mathematical Occupations](#)

[17-0000 Architecture and Engineering Occupations](#)

[19-0000 Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations](#)

Community, Social Service, Legal, Arts, Design, Entertainment,
Sports, and Media Occupations

Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations

Service Occupations

Sales and Related Occupations

Office and Administrative Support Occupations

Natural Resources, Construction, and Maintenance Occupations

Production, Transportation, and Material Moving Occupations

Not applicable to HR Survey

*(Military Specific Occupations are not reported in the IPEDS HR
survey)*

Graduate Assistants

Graduate Assistants - Teaching

Graduate Assistants - Research

Graduate Assistants - Library and Student and Academic Affairs
and Other Education Services Occupations

Graduate Assistants - Management

Graduate Assistants - Business and Financial Operations

Graduate Assistants - Computer, Engineering, and Science

[21-0000 Community and Social Service
Occupations](#)

[23-0000 Legal Occupations](#)

[27-0000 Arts, Design, Entertainment,
Sports, and Media Occupations](#)

[29-0000 Healthcare Practitioners and
Technical Occupations](#)

[31-0000 Healthcare Support Occupations](#)

[33-0000 Protective Service Occupations](#)

[35-0000 Food Preparation and Serving
Related Occupations](#)

[37-0000 Building and Grounds Cleaning
and Maintenance Occupations](#)

[39-0000 Personal Care and Service
Occupations](#)

[41-0000 Sales and Related Occupations](#)

[43-0000 Office and Administrative Support
Occupations](#)

[45-0000 Farming, Fishing, and Forestry
Occupations](#)

[47-0000 Construction and Extraction
Occupations](#)

[49-0000 Installation, Maintenance, and
Repair Occupations](#)

[51-0000 Production Occupations](#)

[53-0000 Transportation and Material
Moving Occupations](#)

[55-0000 Military Specific Occupations](#)

[25-1191 Graduate Teaching Assistant](#)

*There is no single SOC Code associated
with this IPEDS Occupational Category*

[25-4000 Librarians, Curators, and
Archivists](#)

[25-4010 Archivists, Curators, and Museum
Technicians](#)

[25-4020 Librarians](#)

[25-4030 Library Technicians](#)

[25-2000 Preschool, Primary,
Secondary, and Special Education
School Teachers](#)

[25-3000 Other Teachers and Instructors](#)

[25-9000 Other Education, Training, and
Library Occupations](#)

[11-0000 Management Occupations](#)

[13-0000 Business and Financial Operations
Occupations](#)

[15-0000 Computer and Mathematical
Occupations](#)

Graduate Assistants - Community, Social Service, Legal, Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media

Graduate Assistants - Healthcare Practitioners and Technical

Graduate Assistants in occupational categories other than those listed above are not reported in the HR Survey

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[17-0000 Architecture and Engineering Occupations](#)
[19-0000 Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations](#)
[21-0000 Community and Social Service Occupations](#)
[23-0000 Legal Occupations](#)
[27-0000 Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations](#)
[29-0000 Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations](#)

Resources for Classifying Employees Using the 2010 SOC Codes

Several resources for classifying employees using the 2010 SOC codes are provided at the IPEDS Human Resources/SOC Information Center at <http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/resource/soc.asp>.

- [New IPEDS Occupational Categories and 2010 SOC](#)
- [2013-14 HR Survey Screens, Instructions, and Frequently Asked Questions](#)
- [Comparison of New IPEDS Occupational Categories with Previous IPEDS Categories](#)
- [Web Tutorials](#)

Tools:

- Resource provided by CUPA-HR:

CUPA-HR has developed a resource that may assist institutions and keyholders. The position description spreadsheets are publicly available on the CUPA-HR website and provide suggestions for mapping administrator and professional positions to SOC codes and corresponding IPEDS categories.
(<http://www.cupahr.org/surveys/worksheets.aspx>)

- SOC Browse Tool (<https://surveys.nces.ed.gov/ipeds/VisHRSOCBrowse.aspx>)

Browse the entire SOC to see codes, titles, descriptions, and corresponding IPEDS occupational categories.

2010 SOC Resources:

Several Resources can be downloaded from the [2010 SOC Home Page](#):

- The 2010 SOC User Guide*
 - What's New in the 2010 SOC
 - Classification Principles and Coding Guidelines, 2010 SOC
 - Standard Occupational Classification Principles and Coding Structure, 2010 SOC
 - FAQs and Acknowledgements, 2010 SOC
- 2010 SOC Structure
- 2010 SOC Definitions
- Type of Change by Detailed Occupation, 2010 SOC
- Alphabetical Index to the 2010 SOC
- **UPDATED** Direct Match Title File, 2010 SOC

This file, sorted by SOC code, lists associated job titles for detailed SOC occupations. (Excel file can be sorted by job title.)

- **UPDATED** Sorted by Direct Match title

This file, sorted by job title, lists associated SOC codes for specific job titles

- Chronological list of changes to the Direct Match Title File
- Updating the Direct Match Title File

* Copies of the 2010 SOC manual in hard cover or CDROM are available to the public from the U.S. Department of Commerce National Technical Information Service. Please call (703) 605-6000 or 1-800-553-NTIS (6847), or visit the web site (<http://www.ntis.gov/products/soc.aspx>) to receive either a printed copy (\$45) or a CDROM (\$55).

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2010 SOC Classification Principles

The SOC Classification Principles form the basis on which the SOC system is structured.

1. The SOC covers all occupations in which work is performed for pay or profit, including work performed in family-operated enterprises by family members who are not directly compensated. It excludes occupations unique to volunteers. Each occupation is assigned to only one occupational category at the lowest level of the classification.
2. Occupations are classified based on work performed and, in some cases, on the skills, education, and/or training needed to perform the work at a competent level.
3. Workers primarily engaged in planning and directing are classified in management occupations in Major Group 11-0000. Duties of these workers may include supervision.
4. Supervisors of workers in Major Groups 13-0000 through 29-0000 **usually** have work experience and perform activities similar to those of the workers they supervise, and therefore are classified with the workers they supervise. **
5. Workers in Major Group 31-0000 Healthcare Support Occupations assist and are usually supervised by workers in Major Group 29-0000 Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations. Therefore, there are no first-line supervisor occupations in Major Group 31-0000.
6. Workers in Major Groups 33-0000 through 53-0000 whose primary duty is supervising are classified in the appropriate first-line supervisor category because their work activities are distinct from those of the workers they supervise.
7. Apprentices and trainees are classified with the occupations for which they are being trained, while helpers and aides are classified separately because they are not in training for the occupation they are helping.

8. If an occupation is not included as a distinct detailed occupation in the structure, it is classified in an appropriate "All Other," or residual, occupation. "All Other" occupations are placed in the structure when it is determined that the detailed occupations comprising a broad occupation group do not account for all of the workers in the group. These occupations appear as the last occupation in the group with a code ending in "9" and are identified in their title by having "All Other" appear at the end.
9. The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and the U.S. Census Bureau are charged with collecting and reporting data on total U.S. employment across the full spectrum of SOC major groups. Thus, for a detailed occupation to be included in the SOC, either the Bureau of Labor Statistics or the Census Bureau must be able to collect and report data on that occupation.

** Postsecondary administrators such as Deans are classified as 11-000 Management occupations.

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Additional Information from the 2010 SOC Coding Guidelines

Job Titles That Could be Coded in More than One SOC Occupation Category.

An employee should be reported in only one SOC category.

When workers in a single job could be coded in more than one occupation, they should be coded in the occupation that requires the highest level of skill. If there is no measurable difference in skill requirements, workers should be coded in the occupation in which they spend the most time. Workers whose job is to teach at different levels (e.g., elementary, middle, or secondary) should be coded in the occupation corresponding to the highest educational level they teach.

Determining Supervisory Category for Major Groups 33-0000 through 53-000

Workers in Major Groups 33-0000 through 53-0000 who spend 80 percent or more of their time performing supervisory activities are coded in the appropriate first-line supervisor category in the SOC. In these same Major Groups (33-0000 through 53-0000), persons with supervisory duties who spend less than 80 percent of their time supervising are coded with the workers they supervise.

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Term	Definition
Adjunct instructional staff	Non-tenure track instructional staff serving in a temporary or auxiliary capacity to teach specific courses on a course-by-course basis. Includes both instructional staff who are hired to teach an academic degree-credit course and those hired to teach a remedial, developmental, or ESL course; whether the latter three categories earn college credit is immaterial. Excludes regular part-time instructional staff (who, unlike adjuncts are not paid on a course-by-course basis), graduate assistants, full-time professional staff of the institution who may teach individual courses (such as a dean or academic advisor), and appointees who teach non-credit courses exclusively.
American Indian or Alaska Native	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community attachment.
Annual contract or employment agreement	An annually-renewable contract or employment agreement that is in effect for a stated annual period within one year of execution, and may be equal to a period of 365 days, or a standard academic year, or the equivalent. Does not include contracts for partial year periods such as a single semester, quarter, term, block, or course.
Archivists, Curators, and Museum Technicians	An occupational category based on the broad occupation in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual called "Archivists, Curators, and Museum Technicians." For detailed information, refer to the following website: http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc254010.htm .
Asian	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian Subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.
Black or African American	A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.
Business and Financial Operations Occupations	An occupational category based on the major group in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual called "Business and Financial Operations Occupations." For detailed information refer to the following website: http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc130000.htm .
Casual employees	Persons who are hired to work during peak times such as those that help at registration time or those that work in the bookstore for a day or two at the start of a session.
Community, Social Service, Legal, Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations	An occupational category based on the following three major groups in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1) Community and Social Service Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc210000.htm); 2) Legal Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc230000.htm); and 3) Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc270000.htm).
Computer, Engineering, and Science Occupations	An occupational category based on the following three major groups in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1) Computer and Mathematical Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc150000.htm); 2) Architecture and Engineering Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc170000.htm); and 3) Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc190000.htm).
Faculty Status	A status designated by the institution according to the institution's policies. "Faculty" may include staff with academic appointments (instruction, research, public service) and other staff members who are appointed as faculty members. The designation "faculty" is separate from the activities to which the staff members are currently assigned. For example, a president, provost, or librarian may also be appointed as a faculty member. For IPEDS reporting, graduate assistants do not have faculty status.
Full-time staff (employees)	As defined by the institution. The type of appointment at the snapshot date determines whether an employee is full-time or part-time. The employee's term of contract is not considered in making the determination of full- or part-time.
Graduate Assistants (Research)	An occupational category used to classify graduate assistants whose specific assignments customarily are made for the purpose of conducting research.
Graduate Assistants (Teaching)	An occupational category based on the detailed occupation in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual called "Graduate Assistant - Teaching" (SOC code 25-1191). For detailed information, refer to the following website: http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc251191.htm .
Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	An occupational category based on the major group in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual called "Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations." For detailed information refer to the following website: http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc290000.htm .

Hispanic/Latino	A person of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.
Instruction combined with research and/or public service	An occupational category used to classify persons for whom it is not possible to differentiate between instruction or teaching, research, and public service because each of these functions is an integral component of his/her regular assignment. Regardless of title, academic rank, or tenure status, these employees formally spend the majority of their time providing instruction, research, and/or public service.
Instructional Staff	An occupational category that is comprised of staff who are either: 1) <u>Primarily Instruction</u> or 2) <u>Instruction combined with research and/or public service</u> . The intent of the Instructional Staff category is to include all individuals whose primary occupation includes instruction at the institution.
Less-than-annual contract or employment agreement	A contract or employment agreement that is in effect for a partial year period of less than 365 days, or less than a standard academic year or the equivalent. Includes contracts for partial year periods such as a single semester, quarter, term, block, or course.
Librarians	An occupational category based on the broad occupation in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual called "Librarians." For detailed information, refer to the following website: http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc254020.htm .
Librarians, Curators, and Archivists	An occupational category based on the following three broad occupations in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1) Librarians (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc254020.htm); 2) Archivists, Curators, and Museum Technicians (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc254010.htm); and 3) Library Technicians (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc254030.htm).
Library and Student and Academic Affairs and Other Education Services Occupations	An occupational category consisting of the following: 1. <u>Archivists, Curators, and Museum Technicians</u> 2. <u>Librarians</u> 3. <u>Library Technicians</u> 4. <u>Student and Academic Affairs and Other Education Services Occupations</u>
Library Technicians	An occupational category based on the broad occupation in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual called "Library Technicians." For detailed information, refer to the following website: http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc254030.htm .
Management Occupations	An occupational category based on the major group in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual called "Management Occupations." For detailed information refer to the following website: http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc110000.htm .
Medical school staff	Staff employed by or staff working in the medical school (Doctor of Medicine [M.D.] and/or Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine [D.O.]) component of a postsecondary institution or in a free standing medical school. Does not include staff employed by or employees working strictly in a hospital associated with a medical school or those who work in health or allied health schools or departments such as dentistry, veterinary medicine, nursing or dental hygiene unless the health or allied health schools or departments are affiliated with (housed in or under the authority of) the medical school.
Multi-year or continuing or at-will contract or employment agreement	A contract or employment agreement that is in effect for more than one year (e.g., more than 365 days) or that has an indefinite duration (<u>continuing</u> , <u>at-will</u>). The renewal period of a multi-year contract is not on an annual basis (e.g., a 5-year multi-year contract is renewed every 5 years NOT annually).
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.
Natural Resources, Construction, and Maintenance Occupations	An occupational category based on the following three major groups in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1) Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc450000.htm); 2) Construction and Extraction Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc470000.htm); and 3) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc490000.htm).
New hires	Persons who were hired for full-time permanent employment either for the first time (new to the institution) or after a break in service between July 1st and October 31st of the survey year AND who were still on the payroll of the institution as of the same survey year. Does not include persons who have returned from sabbatical leave OR full-time Postsecondary Staff who are working less-than-9-month contracts.
Nonresident alien	

	A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.
Not on tenure track	Personnel positions that are considered non-tenure earning positions.
Office and Administrative Support Occupations	An occupational category based on the major group in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual called "Office and Administrative Support Occupations." For detailed information refer to the following website: http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc430000.htm .
Part-time staff (employees)	As determined by the institution. The type of appointment at the snapshot date determines whether an employee is full-time or part-time. The employee's term of contract is not considered in making the determination of full- or part-time. <u>Casual employees</u> (hired on an ad-hoc basis or occasional basis to meet short-term needs) and students in the <u>College Work-Study Program (CWS)</u> are not considered part-time staff.
Postsecondary Teachers	An occupational category in the 2012 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual with the SOC code 25-1000. This category is not an IPEDS reporting category.
Primarily Instruction	An occupational category used to classify persons whose specific assignments customarily are made for the purpose of providing instruction or teaching. Regardless of title, academic rank, or tenure status, these employees formally spend the majority of their time providing instruction or teaching.
Production, Transportation, and Material Moving Occupations	An occupational category based on the following two major groups in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1) Production Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc510000.htm) and 2) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc530000.htm).
Public Service staff	An occupational category used to classify persons whose specific assignments customarily are made for the purpose of carrying out public service activities such as agricultural extension services, clinical services, or continuing education. Regardless of title, academic rank, or tenure status, these employees formally spend the majority of their time carrying out public service activities. (This category includes employees with a public service assignment regardless of the location of the assignment (e.g., in the field rather than on campus)). (This category was called Primarily public service prior to 2012-13.)
Race and ethnicity unknown	The category used to report students or employees whose race and ethnicity are not known.
Research Staff	An occupational category used to classify persons whose specific assignments customarily are made for the purpose of conducting research. Regardless of title, academic rank, or tenure status, these employees formally spend the majority of their time conducting research. (This category was called Primarily research prior to 2012-13.)
Sales and Related Occupations	An occupational category based on the major group in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual called "Sales and Related Occupations." For detailed information refer to the following website: http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc410000.htm .
Service Occupations	An occupational category based on the following five major groups in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1) Healthcare Support Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc310000.htm); 2) Protective Service Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc330000.htm); 3) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc350000.htm); 4) Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc370000.htm); and 5) Personal Care and Service Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc390000.htm).
Student and Academic Affairs and Other Education Services Occupations	An occupational category based on the following three minor groups in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1) Pre-school, Primary, Secondary, and Special Education School Teachers (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc250000.htm#25-2000); 2) Other Teachers and Instructors (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc250000.htm#25-3000); and 3) Other Education, Training, and Library Occupations (http://www.bls.gov/soc/2010/soc250000.htm#25-9000).
Tenure	Status of a personnel position with respect to permanence of the position.
Tenure track	Personnel positions that lead to consideration for <u>tenure</u> .

White	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.
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U.S Department of Education

Human Resources

Click one of the following questions to view the answer.

General

- 1) [How often are data for the IPEDS HR survey collected?](#)
- 2) [How do I know if I must complete the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission \(EEOC\) EEO-1 survey form?](#)
- 3) [Should I include full-time staff who are paid by another entity or who are paid indirectly by my institution?](#)
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- 6) [Why do I keep receiving error messages about missing data when I have entered all necessary data for my institution?](#)
- 7) [My institution has staff for which gender is unknown. Since there is no place to report "gender unknown" on the IPEDS data collection screens, how should we report these individuals?](#)
- 8) [What is the relationship between the EEO-6 form and IPEDS?](#)

Nondegree-granting institutions

- 1) [How should I classify my school's receptionist?](#)
- 2) [How do I report Managers and Supervisors?](#)
- 3) [How do I report teachers?](#)
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Degree-granting institutions

- 1) [My tenured and tenure-track faculty are generally expected to devote 40 percent time and effort to teaching, 40 percent to research, and 20 percent to service. Both teaching and research performance are evaluated for promotion and tenure decisions. "Instruction, research, and/or public service" describes their work far better than "Primarily instruction." Where should I report these tenured and tenure-track faculty?](#)
- 2) [Should instructional staff who provide instruction in non-credit courses be included in the HR component?](#)
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- 4) [How should I count Deans and Vice Presidents \(VP\) who are tenured staff?](#)
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- 6) [How do I categorize employees such as research scientists and research engineers?](#)
- 7) [How should research assistants, associates, etc. be classified?](#)
- 8) [Do we include guest lecturers when we report to IPEDS?](#)
- 9) [How do we handle individuals who are employees and also taking courses?](#)
- 10) [How are data on library-related occupations collected?](#)
- 11) [The certified public accountant \(CPA\) in my office has spent the past 10 years working solely in that capacity; however, recently, the CPA was asked to split half his time performing his regular, on-going duties as a CPA and the other half of his time preparing time-cards and other duties generally performed by payroll clerks. What occupational category should I place this person in the IPEDS HR survey?](#)
- 12) [My institution has a graduate assistant who assists with updating the website for the computer department. How should I code this person in IPEDS?](#)
- 13) [What is meant by "medical school" staff?](#)
- 14) [Who should I report as "Without faculty status"?](#)
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- 16) [How should full-time instructional staff on a "confidential payroll" \(where salary is unavailable\) be handled?](#)
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- 18) [How do I report Instructional Staff?](#)
- 19) [How do I report Instructional Staff by Academic Rank?](#)
- 20) [How do I report Instructional Staff by Contract Length?](#)
- 21) [How do I report Research Staff?](#)
- 22) [How do I report Public Service Staff?](#)
- 23) [How do I report Postdoctoral Staff?](#)
- 24) [How do I report Graduate Assistants?](#)
- 25) [How do I report Adjunct Instructional Staff?](#)
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- 28) [How do I report staff by Tenure Status?](#)
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- 31) [What is CUPA-HR, and how will it help me categorize my staff?](#)

IPEDS and SOC

- 1) What is the SOC?
- 2) What is the purpose of the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system?
- 3) How are occupations classified in the SOC?
- 4) How is the SOC structured?
- 5) Where can I find definitions of the 2010 SOC occupations?
- 6) Where can I find additional information about the SOC system?
- 7) When will the next SOC revision take place?
- 8) Why did NCES change the occupational categories in the IPEDS HR survey in 2012-13?
- 9) Is there a summary of resources that relate to the new IPEDS occupational categories and the 2010 SOC?
- 10) Is there additional information on classifying and coding supervisors and managers?
- 11) For IPEDS reporting, are institutions required to code and report all occupations at the lowest, detailed SOC level?
- 12) Can the previous IPEDS primary function/occupational activity categories be mapped to the new IPEDS occupational categories?
- 13) What is the relationship between IPEDS reporting and the SOC Postsecondary Teachers 25-1000 category?

Answers:

General

1) How often are data for the IPEDS HR survey collected?

1. In **even-numbered years**, the reporting of race/ethnicity data in the IPEDS HR survey is optional; however, the reporting of all other applicable data in the IPEDS survey is required.
2. In **odd-numbered years**, the reporting of all applicable data (including race/ethnicity) in the IPEDS HR survey is required.

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2) How do I know if I must complete the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) EEO-1 survey form?

Since the EEO-1 survey form is conducted by EEOC, you must contact EEOC directly to find out about their survey reporting requirements. For more information about EEO-1 reporting, please refer to the following EEOC website, which includes contact information: <http://www.eeoc.gov/eo1survey/index.html>.

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3) Should I include full-time staff who are paid by another entity or who are paid indirectly by my institution?

No. Include only paid employees of your institution, recognizing that this may undercount the number of staff.

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4) How do I know if my data are consistent across parts?

There are internal edit checks in place to ensure consistency. Also, some cells will be pre-populated from data in other parts to help ensure consistent reporting.

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5) Can I change my data after completing a part?

Yes. Data may be changed after completing any part. Once edit checks are run, errors may be detected that will require users to revise data in one part to agree with what is reported in another part. Data cannot be locked until all errors are resolved.

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6) Why do I keep receiving error messages about missing data when I have entered all necessary data for my institution?

If a displayed screen is not applicable to your institution, you must enter at least one zero in a field on that screen. If you are still unable to resolve the edit involving missing data, please contact the IPEDS Help Desk at 1-877-225-2568 for further assistance.

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7) My institution has staff for which gender is unknown. Since there is no place to report "gender unknown" on the IPEDS data collection screens, how should we report these individuals?

These individuals are still to be reported to IPEDS, even though their gender is unknown. It is up to the institution to decide how best to handle reporting individuals whose gender is unknown. However, a common method used is to allocate the individuals with gender unknown based on the known proportion of men to women for staff.

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8) What is the relationship between the EEO-6 form and IPEDS?

The Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) previously collected data on the EEO-6 form. In 1993, IPEDS took over the collection of the EEO-6 data. These data are made available to the EEOC and to the Office for Civil Rights.

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Nondegree-granting institutions

1) How should I classify my school's receptionist?

Classify this employee in the Office and Administrative Support Occupations category.

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2) How do I report Managers and Supervisors?

The **Management Occupations** category should include those staff whose job it is to plan, direct, or coordinate policies, programs, and may include some supervision of other workers. In addition, Postsecondary Deans should be classified in this category as well, even though they perform similar activities to the workers that they supervise.

All other supervisors should be categorized within the same category as the workers that they supervise. However, there is an exception for those that supervise workers in the Healthcare Support Occupations.

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3) How do I report teachers?

Report teachers as Instructional staff.

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4) We're a very small school, and all our staff have job duties in more than one area? How do I report them?

You can report each employee only once, and you cannot split the employee over occupational categories.

The SOC Coding Guideline #2 gives this guidance: When workers in a single job could be coded in more than one occupation, they should be coded in the occupation that requires the highest level of skill. If there is no measurable difference in skill requirements, workers should be coded in the occupation in which they spend the most time.

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Degree-granting institutions

1) My tenured and tenure-track faculty are generally expected to devote 40 percent time and effort to teaching, 40 percent to research, and 20 percent to service. Both teaching and research performance are evaluated for promotion and tenure decisions. "Instruction, research, and/or public service" describes their work far better than "Primarily instruction." Where should I report these tenured and tenure-track faculty?

Report the employees as Instruction combined with research and/or public service, in the appropriate faculty status category.

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2) Should instructional staff who provide instruction in non-credit courses be included in the HR component?

Yes. Instructional staff who provide instruction in non-credit courses should be included in the HR component.

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3) Should I include in the IPEDS survey a professor who teaches courses via distance education and who is not based out of the college?

Staff at off-campus centers/sites associated with the campus covered by this report should be included in the HR component; however, staff who work at branch campuses located in a foreign country should **NOT** be included in the HR component. Also, the staff must be on the payroll of the institution.

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4) How should I count Deans and Vice Presidents (VP) who are tenured staff?

If the Dean's or VP's primary function is **Management**, they should be counted as Management in the Tenured column. Then, report their salaries on the non-instructional page. However, if the Dean's or VP's primary function is **Instruction** or **Instruction combined with research/public service**, then classify them as such AND report them in the Instructional Staff Salaries section (if they are full time).

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5) Where do we report research professionals who do not have faculty status?

Report them as Research staff without faculty status.

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6) How do I categorize employees such as research scientists and research engineers?

Categorize research scientists and research engineers as Research staff.

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7) How should research assistants, associates, etc. be classified?

If they are graduate students at your institution performing research or graduate assistant duties while enrolled, report them as Graduate assistants - research in Part B (part-time employees). If they are not graduate students, but are performing discipline oriented research work (e.g., biology, materials engineering, etc.) generally requiring a bachelor's or higher degree, report them As Research staff in either Part A (full-time employees) or Part B (part-time employees).

8) Do we include guest lecturers when we report to IPEDS?

If a guest lecturer is hired by the institution and placed on the institution's payroll then the person should be included in the HR component. However, guest lecturers typically are given honoraria or lecture fees and thus are not paid through the institution's payroll accounts.

[Back to top](#)**9) How do we handle individuals who are employees and also taking courses?**

- 1 - If they are student workers (e.g., College-Work study), exclude them from the HR component.
- 2 - If they are employed as graduate assistants to assist in the classroom or laboratory or to do research, include them as part-time employees in the graduate assistants category.
- 3 - If they are employed in regular jobs, either full time or part time, include them according to their primary function/occupational activity.

[Back to top](#)**10) How are data on library-related occupations collected?**

Beginning in 2012-13 IPEDS, most degree-granting institutions report library-related occupations report library-related occupations separately as:

- Archivists, Curators, and Museum Technicians
- Librarians
- Library Technicians

Non-degree granting institutions report library-related occupations in a single category:

- Librarians, Curators, and Archivists

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11) The certified public accountant (CPA) in my office has spent the past 10 years working solely in that capacity; however, recently, the CPA was asked to split half his time performing his regular, on-going duties as a CPA and the other half of his time preparing time-cards and other duties generally performed by payroll clerks. What occupational category should I place this person in the IPEDS HR survey?

SOC Coding Guideline #2 states that when workers in a single job could be coded in more than one occupation, they should be coded in the occupation that requires the highest level of skill. If there is no measurable difference in skill requirements, workers should be coded in the occupation in which they spend the most time.

This employee should be placed in the IPEDS HR occupational category of "Business and Financial Operations Occupations" for the following reasons.

- The occupation of CPA requires a higher level of skill than the occupation of payroll clerk; therefore, the person in question would fall under the SOC Detailed occupation of "Accountants and Auditors" (SOC code **13-2011**), which falls under the SOC Major group of "Business and Financial Operations Occupations" (SOC code **13-0000**).
- In determining the equivalent IPEDS HR occupational category, refer to the IPEDS/SOC crosswalk, where you will see that the SOC Major group of Business and Financial Operations Occupations has been crosswalked to the 2012-13 IPEDS HR Major Occupational Category of "Business and Financial Operations Occupations."

[NOTE: For IPEDS purposes, there is no need to code occupations to the detail SOC level, although doing that can help answer questions such as this.]

[Back to top](#)**12) My institution has a graduate assistant who assists with updating the website for the computer department. How should I code this person in IPEDS?**

Include this person as a graduate assistant in the IPEDS HR category called, "Computer, Engineering, and Science Occupations."

[Back to top](#)**13) What is meant by "medical school" staff?**

Medical school staff are staff employed by or working in the medical school component (M.D. or D.O.) of a postsecondary institution, or in a freestanding medical school. Does not include staff employed by or working strictly in a hospital associated with a medical school, or those who work in health or allied health schools or departments such as dentistry, veterinary medicine, nursing, or dental hygiene, unless the health or allied health schools or departments are affiliated with (housed in or under the authority of) the medical school. (The HR medical school pages are only applicable to institutions with M.D. or D.O. programs.)

[Back to top](#)**14) Who should I report as "Without faculty status"?**

While institutions may use different designations of who is functioning as "faculty," there is generally some designation of whether or not an employee has faculty status. Report employees with faculty status in either the **Tenured, On Tenure Track, or Not on Tenure Track** column by occupational category. Institutions may also employ individuals in the various occupational categories who do not have or who are not eligible to have faculty status. Report these individuals in the *Without Faculty Status* category. For example, an individual hired as a Computer Engineer without tenure eligibility should be reported in the IPEDS occupational category of "Computer, Engineering, and Science Occupations" in the *Without Faculty Status* category. Similarly, Postdoctoral Research Associates, because they do not have faculty status, would be reported in the *Without Faculty Status* category.

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15) If a person currently employed by an institution accepts a new full-time position within the institution, is that person considered a new hire?

NO. The currently employed person is not considered a new hire. New hires are full-time permanent staff on the payroll of the institution between July 1 and October 31, 2013 either for the first time (new to the institution) or after a break in service AND who are still on the payroll of the institution as November 1, 2013. Also, new hires do not include persons who have returned from sabbatical leave or full-time Postsecondary Staff who are working less-than-9-month contracts.

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16) How should full-time instructional staff on a "confidential payroll" (where salary is unavailable) be handled?

Make the best estimate of the salary of the full-time instructional staff.

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17) Are salary data collected from all institutions?

No. Salary data are collected from degree-granting institutions only, unless one or more of the following are true:

- All instructional staff are employed on a part time basis.
- All instructional staff are military personnel.
- All instructional staff contribute their services (e.g., are members of a religious order).
- All instructional staff teach pre-clinical or clinical medicine.

All applicable institutions are required to complete the Salaries section annually.

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18) How do I report Instructional Staff?

Instructional Staff, as defined by IPEDS, is comprised of staff who are either: **1) Primarily Instruction (PI)**, or **2) Instruction combined with Research and/or Public Service (IRPS)**.

The intent of the instructional staff category is to include all individuals whose primary occupation includes instruction at the institution. **Primarily Instruction** are those individuals whose primary responsibility can be defined as teaching (e.g., the majority of their total time).

Instruction combined with Research and/or Public Service (IRPS) are those individuals who have instruction as part of their job, but it cannot readily be differentiated from the research or public service functions of their jobs (e.g., they teach, but a percentage of time spent teaching is not discernible since their teaching responsibilities are not clearly differentiated from their other responsibilities). Instructional staff could include postdoctoral students, if they meet the criteria for one of the two categories. Adjunct instructional staff would also typically meet the criteria.

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19) How do I report Instructional Staff by Academic Rank?

Report Instructional Staff by academic rank (e.g., professor, associate professor, etc.), as designated by the institutions. Institutions without standard academic ranks should report all their Instructional Staff in the *No Academic Rank* category.

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20) How do I report Instructional Staff by Contract Length?

Data on full-time instructional staff with faculty status who are *not on tenure track* are collected for three categories of employment. Although the use of contracts and employment agreements varies by institution, this section is meant to capture all non-tenure-track instructional staff, regardless of what type of employment agreement is utilized. This includes formal contracts, informal agreements, at-will employment, teaching periods, and the like.

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21) How do I report Research Staff?

A staff member should be classified as **Research Staff** if the majority of their work is focused on conducting research, regardless of their title, academic rank, or tenure status.

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22) How do I report Public Service Staff?

A staff member should be classified as **Public Service Staff** if the majority of their work is focused on carrying out public service activities. These would be staff members who work in agricultural extension services, clinical services, or continuing education, regardless of their title, academic rank, or tenure status. If the staff member is located off campus, such as in an extension office, they should still be classified here as long as the majority of their work is focused on carrying out public service activities.

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23) How do I report Postdoctoral Staff?

Postdoctoral staff members should be classified based on where the majority of their work is performed. For example, if the postdoc spends the majority of their time conducting research, they should be classified as Research Staff. In addition, postdoctoral staff members typically do not have faculty status, and they should be reported as Without Faculty Status.

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24) How do I report Graduate Assistants?

Graduate Assistants are considered part-time employees and should be classified in the occupational category in which the majority of their work is performed. IPEDS only collects information for graduate assistants working in a subset of the occupational categories. Those primarily performing duties in other categories should be excluded.

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25) How do I report Adjunct Instructional Staff?

Adjunct Instructional Staff serve in either a temporary or auxiliary capacity to teach academic degree-credit courses, as well as remedial, developmental, or ESL courses, and are paid on a course-by-course basis. They should be reported as either part-time or full-time based on their designation on the institution's payroll, and as non-tenured instructional staff.

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26) How do I report Managers and Supervisors?

The **Management Occupations** category should include those staff whose job it is to plan, direct, or coordinate policies, programs, and may include some supervision of other workers. In addition, Postsecondary Deans should be classified in this category as well, even though they perform similar activities to the workers that they supervise.

All other supervisors should be categorized within the same category as the workers that they supervise. However, there is an exception for those that supervise workers in the Healthcare Support Occupations.

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27) Who should be reported in the "Student and Academic Services and Other Education Occupations" category?

This category includes professionals who work in the areas of student activities, student admissions, student affairs, student career services, student enrollment, student financial aid, student registration and records, campus recreation services, and similar functions. Typically, the person who directs or heads the office would not be included in this category.

Note, the majority of these occupations are not included in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. In IPEDS, these occupations are coded in the SOC Minor Groups of 25-2000, 25-3000, and 25-9000 because those categories represent the best fit, **not** because they are specifically listed there. For more specific guidance on how to categorize these occupations and others, please see CUPA-HR's position descriptions: www.cupahr.org/surveys/worksheets.aspx or contact the Help Desk.

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28) How do I report staff by Tenure Status?

Report Instructional Staff by tenure status (e.g., tenured, on tenure track, and not on tenure track) as designated by the institution.

Staff should be classified as **Not on Tenure Track** if they have faculty status, but are not considered to be tenured or on tenure track.

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29) How do I report staff by Faculty Status?

Please refer to your institution's policies to determine whether staff members have the designation of faculty. The designation of faculty is not limited to instructional staff, but can also include such positions as president, provost, or librarians.

For IPEDS reporting purposes, graduate assistants do not have faculty status.

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30) How do I report salaries for instructional staff?

Historically, IPEDS has collected average annual salaries. Because there is variation in what an annual salary entails, IPEDS now calculates weighted average monthly salaries. The salaries worksheet is used to determine average monthly salaries by collecting the number of instructional staff and the number of months their salaries cover, along with the total salary outlays for all of those individuals. As has been the case historically, the Salaries section does not include data for instructional staff who work for less than 9 months of the year, even though they may be considered full-time employees.

Full-time instructional staff should be reported based on the number of months during which they work during the year, NOT the number of months during which they are paid. Once the number of 12-, 11-, 10-, and 9-month instructional staff are reported, any remaining instructional staff will be calculated in the **balance** column (these are the instructional staff who are full-time but whose contracts/employment agreements are for less than 9 months during the year).

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31) What is CUPA-HR, and how will it help me categorize my staff?

CUPA-HR, or the College and University Professional Association for Human Resources, developed worksheets to assist institutions in classifying their staff members, and graciously offered them for use in IPEDS reporting, regardless of whether institutions are CUPA-HR members or not.

These worksheets contain many positions in postsecondary education (which aren't specifically mentioned in the SOC itself) such as: registrar, bursar, outreach specialist, etc. The following link will take you to CUPA-HR's website: <http://www.cupahr.org/surveys/reporting.aspx>. Look under the SOC Codes for IPEDS Reporting heading and click on "position descriptions." This will take you to position descriptions for Administrators and Professionals which list the title, description, and SOC code recommendation for many positions in postsecondary education. SOC Codes are also provided for Non-Exempt staff, though specific position descriptions are not available.

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IPEDS and SOC

1) What is the SOC?

The Standard Occupational Classification system, or SOC, is designed to reflect the current occupational structure of the United States.

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2) What is the purpose of the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system?

The SOC system is used by Federal statistical agencies to classify workers and jobs into occupational categories for the **purpose** of collecting, calculating, analyzing, or disseminating data. All Federal agencies that publish occupational data for statistical purposes are required to use the SOC in order to increase data comparability.

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3) How are occupations classified in the SOC?

Occupations in the SOC are classified based on work performed and, in some cases, on the skills, education, and/or training needed to perform the work at a competent level.

This is SOC Classification Principle #2, available at the following link:

http://www.bls.gov/soc/soc_2010_class_prin_cod_guide.pdf]

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4) How is the SOC structured?

The SOC is a tiered occupational classification system with four levels: major group, minor group, broad occupation, and detailed occupation. The 23 major groups are broken down into 97 minor groups, followed by 461 broad occupations, and finally 840 detailed occupations.

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5) Where can I find definitions of the 2010 SOC occupations?

A pdf version of the 2010 SOC definitions can be found at the following website:

http://www.bls.gov/soc/soc_2010_definitions.pdf. A link to the Excel version of the definitions can be found at the following SOC homepage under the category called "2010 SOC, Downloadable Materials:"

<http://www.bls.gov/soc>. While the SOC system is a four-level tiered system, SOC definitions only exist at the lowest occupational level, which is known as the "detailed occupation" level.

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6) Where can I find additional information about the SOC system?

Refer to the following SOC homepage at: <http://www.bls.gov/soc>.

- A hardcopy of the English version of the *2010 SOC Manual* can also be purchased from the following website: <http://www.ntis.gov/products/soc.aspx>.

- The Spanish version of the *2010 SOC Manual* is only available online and can be found at: http://www.bls.gov/soc/soc_2010_Spanish_Version.pdf.

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7) When will the next SOC revision take place?

The next major review and revision is expected to begin in 2013 in order to produce a 2018 version of the SOC. Public input will be solicited in a Federal Register notice expected to be published in late 2013.

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8) Why did NCES change the occupational categories in the IPEDS HR survey in 2012-13?

The IPEDS HR survey was changed to comply with the requirement to align IPEDS HR reporting with the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. Also, prior to 2012-13, most of the occupational categories and corresponding definitions in the IPEDS HR survey and its predecessor called the *Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS)* remained basically the same for over two decades. (The 2010 SOC reflects changes in the workforce over the last decade.)

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9) Is there a summary of resources that relate to the new IPEDS occupational categories and the 2010 SOC?

The IPEDS HR/SOC Information Center can be found at: <http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/resource/soc.asp>.

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10) Is there additional information on classifying and coding supervisors and managers?

For additional information on classifying and coding supervisors and managers, refer to the IPEDS HR instructions.

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11) For IPEDS reporting, are institutions required to code and report all occupations at the lowest, detailed SOC level?

IPEDS does not require institutions to report most occupations at the detailed SOC level. Most of the occupational data in IPEDS are collected at a higher level (e.g., major level); however, there are a few instances where data are collected at a lower level (e.g., detailed) such as Librarians.

For IPEDS purposes, institutions should report their employees in the categories defined in the IPEDS HR survey. For example, a College President would most likely fall under the detailed SOC occupation of "Education Administrators, Postsecondary" (**11-9033**) where the first two-digits (**11**) of the SOC code represent the SOC "major group" in this example. Based on the IPEDS HR/SOC crosswalk at http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/resource/download/IPEDS_HR_2010_SOC_Crosswalk.pdf, the SOC code of "**11-0000**" corresponds to the SOC major group of "Management Occupations," which is crosswalked to the IPEDS HR "Management Occupations" category.

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12) Can the previous IPEDS primary function/occupational activity categories be mapped to the new IPEDS occupational categories?

In most cases, no. The detailed occupations in the 2010 SOC with *similar job duties, and in some cases skills, education, and/or training, are grouped together*. Consequently, many categories such as "technical and paraprofessional" and "other professionals (support/service)" no longer exist in IPEDS.

For example, for the 2011-12 IPEDS HR survey, "Dietitians and Nutritionists" were included in the "Other Professional (support/service) category while "Dietetic Technicians" were included in the Technical and Paraprofessionals" category. In the 2012-13 IPEDS HR survey, "Dietitians and Nutritionists" and "Dietetic Technicians" are included in the SAME major occupational category called "Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations."

However, the Instructional Staff (Primarily instruction and Instruction combined with research and/or public service), Research Staff, and Public Service Staff categories remained the same.

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13) What is the relationship between IPEDS reporting and the SOC Postsecondary Teachers 25-1000 category?

Postsecondary Teachers is an occupational category in the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual with the SOC code 25-1000. This category is not an IPEDS reporting category because staff generally regarded by institutions as "faculty" are not only instructional staff, but can be research staff and public service staff as well. Postsecondary Teachers is not a good description of these occupational categories on postsecondary campuses, and introduces confusion into the reporting done by institutions. However, because of the requirement to align with the SOC, all three categories (instructional staff, research staff, and public service staff) are included individually under the Postsecondary Teachers category in the IPEDS Data Center, with explanations.

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Human Resources for degree-granting institutions and related administrative offices that have less-than-15 full-time staff

Edit specifications for the 2013-14 IPEDS Web-Based Data Collection Human Resources (HR) Component

Applicable to degree-granting institutions and related administrative offices with less-than-15 full-time staff

NOTE: The specifications in this document apply to the institutions listed above and related administrative offices. Some sections and parts may not apply to your particular institution. Please read the specifications carefully to determine which sections and/or parts apply to your institution.

All screens must be completed in order to lock the survey.

- [Screening Questions](#)
- [Part A: Full-time Staff](#)
- [Part G: Salaries](#)
- [Part B: Part-time Staff](#)
- [Part C: Total Number of Staff](#)
- [Human Resources Survey Evaluation](#)
- [Relationships between HR Parts](#)

Screening Questions

Screening Questions, page 1

You must respond to the following screening questions. The answers given here will determine which screens your institution is shown.

You must answer **Yes** or **No** to the following questions:

- Does your institution have any part-time staff?
 - If you select **Yes**, then additional screens for reporting data on part-time staff will be provided.
- Does your institution have 15 or more full time staff?
 - **If you select Yes, then you are viewing the wrong narrative edit document. Please select the appropriate document for 15 or more full-time staff.**
- Do ALL of the instructional staff at your institution fall into any of the following categories? Answer **Yes** or **No** to each of the following questions:
 - Are ALL of the instructional staff military personnel?
 - Do ALL of the instructional staff contribute their services (e.g., members of a religious order)?
 - Do ALL of the instructional staff teach pre-clinical or clinical medicine?
 - If you answer **Yes** to any of these questions, the full-time instructional staff screens of **Part G** are **NOT** applicable to your institution and you will **NOT** be required to report data for the **full-time instructional staff** screens of **Part G**. However, **Part G** will still be required for reporting data for **full-time non-instructional staff**.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

- If you report that ALL of your institution's instructional staff are military personnel, contributing their services, or teaching pre-clinical or clinical medicine; you must *confirm* that this is correct.

Screening Questions, page 2

Applicable to institutions that answered 'Yes' to the Part-time screening question

You must answer **Yes** or **No** to the following question:

- Does your institution have graduate assistants?
 - If you select **Yes**, screens to report graduate assistants will be provided.

Part A: Full-time Staff

Part A: Full-time Staff, page 1

On this screen, report the number of full-time staff at the institution by occupational category, gender, and race/ethnicity. Provide these data for each of the following occupational categories:

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- Instructional Staff
- Research Staff
- Public service Staff
- Librarians, Curators, and Archivists
- Student and Academic Affairs and Other Education Services Occupations

Amounts for Total men, Total women, and Total (men + women) are calculated for each occupational category.

The system will perform the following edit on the data entered:

- If your institution is not an administrative office, then the **Total (men + women)** calculated for full-time **Instructional Staff** is expected to be greater than 0.
- For each occupational category on this screen, the current year value calculated for **Total (men+women)** is expected to within plus or minus 5 of the **Total from prior year** value.

Part A: Full-time Staff, page 2

On this screen, report the number of full-time staff at the institution by occupational category, gender, and race/ethnicity. Provide these data for each of the following occupational categories:

- Management Occupations
- Business and Financial Operations Occupations
- Computer, Engineering, and Science Occupations
- Community, Social Service, Legal, Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations
- Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations

Amounts for Total men, Total women, and Total (men + women) are calculated for each occupational category.

The system will perform the following edit on the data entered:

- For each occupational category on this screen, the current year value calculated for **Total (men+women)** is expected to within plus or minus 5 of the **Total from prior year** value.

Part A: Full-time Staff, page 3

On this screen, report the number of full-time staff at the institution by occupational category, gender, and race/ethnicity. Provide these data for each of the following occupational categories:

- Service Occupations
- Sales and Related occupations
- Office and administrative support occupations
- Natural Resources, Construction, and Maintenance Occupations
- Production, Transportation, and Material Moving Occupations

Amounts for Total men, Total women, and Total (men + women) are calculated for each occupational category. A **Grand Total (All full-time staff)** value is also calculated for each gender and race/ethnicity classification.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

- The **Total (men + women)** calculated for the **Grand Total** must be greater than 0.
- For each occupational category on this screen, the current year value calculated for **Total (men+women)** is expected to within plus or minus 5 of the **Total from prior year** value.
- The **Total (men + women)** calculated for the **Grand Total** must be greater than 0. If the **Total (men + women)** calculated for the **Full-time Total** is greater than 0, and the percent of staff (men + women) whose race/ethnicity is unknown is between 20% and 80% of the total, then you must *explain*.
- If the **Total (men + women)** calculated for the **Grand Total** is greater than 0, and the percent of staff (men + women) whose race/ethnicity is unknown is greater than 80% of the total, then a *fatal* error will occur.

Part G: Salaries

Part G: Salary Worksheet

On this screen, report the number of full-time instructional non-medical staff at the institution by number of months covered by an annual salary, gender, and academic rank. Contract or employment agreement lengths include: 9-month, 10-month, 11-month, and 12-month. Provide these data for each of the following academic ranks:

- Professors
- Associate professors
- Assistant professors
- Instructors
- Lecturers
- No academic rank

The **Total staff for salary reporting**, **Total number of Months**, and **Balance** will be calculated by academic rank and gender. Additionally, the **Total full-time, non-medical instructional staff from Part A** is displayed for your reference. Amounts for Total men, Total women, and Total (men + women) are calculated for each contract length.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

- If the **Total (men + women)** preloaded for **Total full-time non-medical instructional staff from Part A** is between 31 and 150, then the **Total (men + women)** reported for **Total staff for Salary reporting** is expected to be greater than 0. Otherwise, you must *explain* this discrepancy.
- If the **Total (men + women)** preloaded for **Total full-time non-medical instructional staff from Part A** is greater than 150, then the **Total (men + women)** reported for **Total staff for Salary reporting** must be greater than 0. Otherwise, a *fatal* error will occur.
- For each gender and academic rank classification, the **Balance** cannot be negative.
- For each gender, the **Balance** must be less than or equal to 20% of the **Total full-time non-medical instructional staff from Part A**.
- The **Total (men + women)** calculated for the **Balance** is expected to be less than or equal to 20% of the **Total full-time non-medical instructional staff from Part A**. Otherwise, you must *explain* this discrepancy.
- The **Total (men + women)** calculated for the **Balance** must be less than 80% of the **Total full-time non-medical instructional staff from Part A**. Otherwise, a *fatal* error will occur.

Part G: Salary Outlays for Full-time Instructional Staff by Gender and Academic Rank

Applicable to degree-granting institutions that selected 'No' for all options in the screening question that asks if all of your institution's instructional staff are military personnel, contributing their services, or teaching pre-clinical or clinical medicine

On this screen, report the Salary Outlays for full-time non-medical instructional staff at the institution by gender for each of the following academic ranks:

- Professors
- Associate professors
- Assistant professors
- Instructors
- Lecturers
- No academic rank

The **Total staff for Salary reporting (from Part G, screen 1)** and the **Total number of months (from Part G, screen 1)** are displayed for your reference. The system will calculate the Total men, Total women, and Total (men + women) for Salary Outlays, as well as the **Weighted Average Monthly Salaries** for each academic rank.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

- For each academic rank and gender classification, if the **Total Number of Months** is greater than 0, then the corresponding **Salary Outlays** must also be greater than 0.
- For each academic rank and gender classification, if the **Total Number of Months** is 0, then the corresponding **Salary Outlays** must also be 0 or blank.
- The **Total (men + women)** calculated for **Salary Outlays** must be greater than 0.
- For each academic rank and gender classification, if the **Salary Outlays** value is greater than 0, then the **Weighted Average Monthly Salaries** is expected to be between \$1,000 and \$16,000.

Part G: Salary Outlays for Full-time Non-instructional Staff by Occupational Category

On this screen, report the **Total salary outlays** for full-time non-medical non-instructional staff at the institution for each of the following occupational categories:

- Research Staff
- Public Service Staff
- Library and Student and Academic Affairs and Other Education Services Occupations
- Management Occupations
- Business and Financial Operations Occupations
- Computer, Engineering, and Science Occupations
- Community, Social Service, Legal, Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations
- Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations
- Service Occupations
- Sales and Related Occupations
- Office and Administrative Support Occupations
- Natural Resources, Construction, and Maintenance Occupations
- Production, Transportation, and Material Moving Occupations

The **Number of full-time staff from Part A** is displayed for your reference for each occupational category.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

- For each occupational category, if the **Number of full-time staff** is greater than 0, then the **Total salary outlays** must also be greater than 0.
- For the following occupational categories, if the Number of full-time staff is greater than 0, then the **Total salary outlays** is expected to be between \$32,000 and \$110,000 times the **Number of full-time staff** reported:
 - Postsecondary Teachers - Research
 - Postsecondary Teachers - Public Service
- For the **Management Occupations** category, if the **Number of full-time staff** is greater than 0, then the **Total salary outlays** is expected to be between \$32,000 to \$500,000 times the **Number of full-time staff** reported.
- For the **Library and Student and Academic Affairs and Other Education Services Occupations** category, if the Number of full-time staff is greater than 0, then the **Total salary outlays** is expected to be between \$25,000 and \$85,000 times the **Number of full-time staff** reported.
- For the following occupational categories, if the Number of full-time staff is greater than 0, then the **Total salary outlays** is expected to be between \$29,000 and \$101,000 times the **Number of full-time staff** reported:
 - Business and Financial Occupations
 - Computer, Engineering, and Science Occupations
 - Community, Social Service, Legal, Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations
 - Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations
- For the following occupational categories, if the Number of full-time staff is greater than 0, then the **Total salary outlays** is expected to be between \$20,000 and \$70,000 times the **Number of full-time staff** reported:
 - Service Occupations
 - Sales and Related Occupations
 - Office and Administrative Support Occupations
 - Natural Resources, Construction, and Maintenance Occupations
 - Production, Transportation, and Material Moving Occupations

Part B: Part-time Staff and Graduate Assistants

Applicable to institutions that answered 'Yes' to the screening question that asks if your institution has part-time staff

Part B: Part-time Staff, page 1

On this screen, report the number of part-time staff at the institution by occupational category, gender, and race/ethnicity. Provide these data for each of the following occupational categories:

- Primarily Instruction and Instruction/Research/Public Service Staff
- Research Staff
- Public service Staff
- Librarians, Curators, and Archivists
- Student and Academic Affairs and Other Education Services Occupations

Amounts for Total men, Total women, and Total (men + women) are calculated for each occupational category.

The system will perform the following edit on the data entered:

- For each occupational category on this screen, the current year value calculated for **Total (men+women)** is expected to within plus or minus 5 of the **Total from prior year** value.

Part B: Part-time Staff, page 2

On this screen, report the number of part-time staff at the institution by occupational category, gender, and race/ethnicity. Provide these data for each of the following occupational categories:

- Management Occupations
- Business and Financial Operations Occupations
- Computer, Engineering, and Science Occupations
- Community, Social Service, Legal, Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations
- Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations

Amounts for Total men, Total women, and Total (men + women) are calculated for each occupational category.

The system will perform the following edit on the data entered:

- For each occupational category on this screen, the current year value calculated for **Total (men+women)** is expected to within plus or minus 5 of the **Total from prior year** value.

Part B: Part-time Staff, page 3

On this screen, report the number of part-time staff at the institution by occupational category, gender, and race/ethnicity. Provide these data for each of the following occupational categories:

- Service Occupations
- Sales and Related Occupations
- Office and Administrative Support Occupations
- Natural Resources, Construction, and Maintenance Occupations
- Production, Transportation, and Material Moving Occupations

Amounts for Total men, Total women, and Total (men + women) are calculated for each occupational category. A **Grand total (all part-time staff)** value is also calculated for each gender and race/ethnicity classification.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

- For each occupational category on this screen, the current year value calculated for **Total (men+women)** is expected to within plus or minus 5 of the **Total from prior year** value.
- If the **Total (men + women)** calculated for the **Grand total** is greater than 0, and the percent of staff (men + women) whose race/ethnicity is unknown is between 20% and 80% of the total, then you must explain.
- If the **Total (men + women)** calculated for the **Grand total** is greater than 0, and the percent of staff (men + women) whose race/ethnicity is unknown is greater than 80% of the total, then a fatal error will occur.

Part B: Graduate Assistants

Applicable to institutions that answered 'Yes' to the graduate assistants screening question

On this screen, report the number of graduate assistants at the institution by occupational category, gender, and race/ethnicity. Provide these data for each of the following occupational categories:

- Teaching
- Research
- Management
- Business and Financial Operations
- Computer, Engineering, and Science
- Community Service, Legal, Arts, and Media
- Library and Student and Academic Affairs and Other Education Services
- Healthcare Practitioners and Technical

Amounts for Total men, Total women, and Total (men + women) are calculated for each occupational category. A **Total** is also calculated for each gender and race/ethnicity classification.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

- If you answered 'Yes' to the graduate assistants screening question, then the **Total (men + women)** calculated for the **Total** number of graduate assistants must be greater than 0.
- For each occupational category on this screen, the current year value calculated for **Total (men+women)** is expected to within plus or minus 5 of the **Total from prior year** value.
- If the **Total (men + women)** calculated for the **Total** number of graduate assistants is greater than 0, and the percent of staff (men + women) whose race/ethnicity is unknown is between 20% and 80% of the total, then you must explain.
- If the **Total (men + women)** calculated for the **Total** number of graduate assistants is greater than 0, and the percent of staff (men + women) whose race/ethnicity is unknown is greater than 80% of the total, then a fatal error will occur.

Part C: Total Number of Staff

A totals screen is provided displaying the total number of staff reported by employment status, gender, and race/ethnicity. For each race/ethnicity classification, amounts are displayed for the following:

- Full-time men
- Full-time women
- Part-time men
- Part-time women
- Total men
- Total women

In order to assess whether future changes should be made to definitions, instructions, and/or items collected, please list any employees who were difficult to categorize in the box provided.

Relationships between HR Parts

The system will perform the following edit on all data entered:

- If your institution is not an administrative office, then the sum of full-time plus part-time **Instructional Staff** reported in **Part A** and **Part B** must be greater than 0.

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